ORTHOPAEDIC CLINICAL QUIZ

The following questions are based on the images or illustrations provided. Answers and further information are available in this issue.

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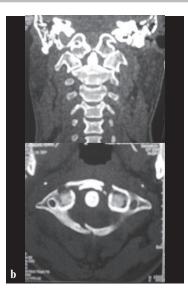
These radiograph and MRI images belong to a 49-year-old man who developed unstable gait associated with progressive weakness and numbness of both lower limbs

- a. What three abnormalities are seen in lateral radiograph of the neck (Fig. A)
- b. List three abnormalities seen in the MRI image of the neck (Fig. B) $\,$
- c. What is the complete diagnosis?
- d. What is the definitive management for this patient?

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These radiograph and CT-scan images belong to a 30-year-old man who presented with severe neck pain following a r traffic accident.

- a. What three abnormalities are seen in the lateral radiograph of the neck (Fig. A) and CT-scan images (Fig. B)
- b. What is the diagnosis?
- c. What is the mechanism of injury?
- d. Is this a stable fracture? State your reason.
- e. What are treatment options?

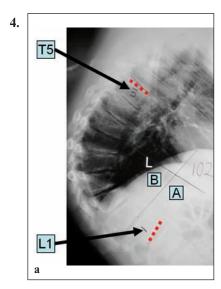






This 45-year-old man is treated with an orthosis for a spinal injury.

- a. Name the orthosis and categorize it.
- b. How does this orthosis work?
- c. At what spinal levels does this orthosis work most effectively?
- d. What four common conditions require prescription of this orthosis?





These lateral radiograph and sagittal CT images of the thoracolumbar spine belong to a 17-yearold boy who presented with disabling back pain and severe rigid deformity of the back

- a. Identify three abnormalities of the spine
- b. What is the name given for the T5 and L1 vertebrae?
- c. Which of the following is the correct measurement of the Cobb angle? A or B
- d. What is your diagnosis?
- e. What is the recommended treatment for this patient?
- f. What is the minimal Cobb angle before a surgical intervention is recommended?









- A 23-year-old man presented with progressive angular deformity of his back over a 6-month period. He has multiple subcutaneous nodules since his early childhood.
- a. Identify three salient clinical signs.
- b. What three radiographic findings are likely to be identified?
- c. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- d. What criteria are used to establish the diagnosis?







These selected slices of cervical spine CT-scan images belong to a 25-year-old man who presented with a stiff painful neck following a motor vehicle accident.

- a. Identify the two most important findings from the images.
- b. What is your diagnosis?
- c. List three emergent steps in the initial management of this patient.
- d. What other imaging study would you request for this patient and why?
- e. What is definitive management for this case?